

FH JOANNEUM Study and Examination Regulations

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FH JOANNEUM Study and Examination Regulations

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Preamble

The present Study and Examination Regulations were approved by the Board of FH JOANNEUM in its meeting on 21 June 2016 in agreement with the provider according to Sec. 10 para. 3 (10) of the University of Applied Sciences Studies Act (FHStG) with effect from 7 July 2016. They replace any existing guidelines and examination regulations and shall apply to all degree programmes established at FH JOANNEUM as well as all Programmes for Further Education according to Sec. 9 of the FHStG. The individual items of the Study and Examination Regulations shall be specified in the relevant programme applications. Applications for the establishment of new degree programmes shall be based on these Study and Examination Regulations. It is furthermore stated that in cases of doubt the German version as amended shall prevail in the event of a discrepancy or difference in interpretation between the German and the translated versions of the Study and Examination Regulations.

The bodies established at FH JOANNEUM pursuant to study law include the FH Board, the Head of the Board and the heads of the individual degree programmes. The procedures applied shall be governed by the University of Applied Sciences Studies Act (FHStG) and the Act on Quality Assurance in Higher Education (HS-QSG) as amended, as well as the decrees issued by the Agency for Quality Assurance and Accreditation Austria (AQ Austria).

I. General Study Regulations

§ 1. General rules for students and teaching staff

- (1) The use of electronic devices during classes by students has to be authorised by the head of the course.
- (2) It is not permitted to record lectures by electronic means without the prior approval of the relevant lecturer.
- (3) It is advisable to use gender-sensitive language in your written works/documents and in exams.

§ 2. Student representation

The student representation at FH JOANNEUM consists of the bodies mentioned in Sec. 30 (1) of the Student Union Act (HSG) 2014 as amended, which include the university representatives pursuant to Sec. 16 HSG 2014 as amended and the programme representatives pursuant to Sec. 19 HSG 2014 as amended. FH JOANNEUM additionally recommends the election of year representatives for the degree programmes. If such year representatives have been appointed they shall be subject to the attendance regulations specified in § 14.

§ 3. Organisational forms of degree programmes, programmes for further education, other courses

FH JOANNEUM offers the following organisational forms for Bachelor's, Master's and Diploma degree programmes and programmes for further education pursuant to Sec. 9 FHStG:

- 1) Full-time study
- 2) Part-time study

As a special organisational form FH JOANNEUM also offers work-friendly and co-operative course formats.

§ 4. Admission requirements and admission regulation

(1) There is always a limited number of places for the degree programmes at universities of applied sciences; their allocation and admission regulations are defined in the respective accreditation application. The admission regulation defines the admissions process and the performance-based criteria according to which the places are allocated. The admissions process is carried out and documented in an objective, verifiable and transparent manner.

(2) The precondition for being admitted to the admission procedure of the degree programme, in addition to meeting the admission requirements, is the submission of an application together with the necessary documents. International applicants must observe the Legalisation and Translation Guidelines of FH JOANNEUM. In addition, German/English skills level B2 are a prerequisite both for English-language and German-language degree programmes. This is a minimum requirement. Specific degree programmes may have additional requirements.

(3) Once the admission requirements have been verified, all applicants that meet these requirements are invited to attend an admissions procedure. An admissions procedure shall be carried out when the number of applicants exceeds the number of places.

(4) The places of study at FH JOANNEUM will be allocated after the admissions procedure in line with the final ranking. In the event that several admission dates are offered, the allocation of places immediately after the admissions procedure shall be at the discretion of the head of degree programme on the basis of the numbers of applicants for the individual dates from the last few years. The exact procedure and the weighting of the various criteria for the allocation of places is part of the respective application for accreditation. Criteria for the allocation of places may be as follows: school grades, aptitude tests, personal interviews, exams on specific topics, the form of application, professional experience, further training and any work to be submitted as well as vocation-specific tests.

(5) FH JOANNEUM makes every effort to provide students with disabilities with a fair admissions procedure that includes disabled access. It is therefore necessary to discuss special needs and requirements due to the disability with the Equality and Diversity Office in advance.

§ 5. Regular and irregular students

(1) Regular students (degree students) are students admitted to regular degree programmes. These include Bachelor's degree programmes, Master's degree programmes and diploma degree programmes at universities of applied sciences.

(2) Irregular students (non-degree students) are students admitted to irregular studies. These include programmes for further education according to Sec. 9 FHStG and individual courses. Irregular students are members of the Austrian Student Union.

(3) The admission of irregular students attending individual courses is decided by the head of degree programme.

§ 6. Recognition of proven knowledge

(1) The recognition of proven knowledge shall be subject to the statutory provisions of Sec. 12 FHStG and in compliance with the relevant recommendations of the Convention on the Recognition of Qualifications concerning Higher Education in the European Region of 11 April 1997 ("Lisbon Convention"), Federal Law Gazette BGBl. III No. 71/1999.

(2) The process of the recognition of proven knowledge for individual courses is applied for by the student. The application can be submitted until no later than 2 weeks after the start of the course to the head of degree programme, who shall make a decision within two weeks of the submission of all documents.

(3) Copies of the documents for the recognition of proven knowledge shall be enclosed with the recognition form. If necessary, the head of degree programme can request the applicant to furnish the original documents. The form and the enclosed recognition documents that provide information about the content and extent of the course (e.g. ECTS) are passed on to the head of degree programme, who examines the documents and makes a decision about their recognition in accordance with Sec. 10 para. 5 (2) FHStG. A knowledge test is not permitted.

(4) The recognition of special knowledge or relevant professional experience in accordance with Sec. 12 (2) FHStG requires documentary evidence of the equivalence of the knowledge gained in professional practice to the content and extent of the course in question; having worked in an area that is related to the topic of the course alone is not sufficient.

§ 7. Nostrification

(1) Nostrification refers to the recognition of a foreign degree as equivalent to an Austrian Bachelor's, Master's or Diploma degree by the Board. Nostrification thus means the complete equivalence to the Austrian degree, the right to use the relevant Austrian degree and the permission to exercise the profession which in Austria is associated with this degree.

(2) Particular attention must be paid to the FHStG and the provisions of current EU law and the relevant occupational regulations.

(3) The nostrification application together with the necessary documents must be submitted to the Board via the relevant department.

(4) The decision regarding nostrification shall be made on the basis of the expert opinion of the relevant head of degree programme and the assessment of the Board in accordance with Sec. 10 para. 3 (9) in conjunction with Sec. 6 paras. 6 and 7 FHStG.

(5) The nostrification application will be processed once all necessary documents have been submitted to the relevant department. This is also the start of the decision deadline of six months pursuant to Sec. 73 of the General Administrative Procedure Act 1991 (AVG) as amended.

(6) If the nostrification application is approved subject to conditions, the applicant shall be entitled to complete the courses and examinations stated in the official decision within three years of the date thereof depending on the situation, especially the availability of study, internship and laboratory places.

§ 8. Starting in a higher semester

(1) The head of degree programme decides whether someone may start in a higher semester. An admissions process shall not be necessary as a matter of principle. The head of degree programme may authorise a start from the 2nd semester onwards under the following conditions:

- a place is available
- the applicant meets the entry requirements of the degree programme
- completed courses and examinations of at least 75% of the courses stipulated until this point can be credited in accordance with § 6 of these Study and Examination Regulations

(2) If these requirements are not fully met, the head of degree programme can stipulate conditions. Attending courses at a later date is only possible if permitted by the degree programme.

§ 9. ECTS and academic crediting

One ECTS credit point is equivalent to a workload of 25 hours.

§ 10. Quality assurance in teaching

The courses are regularly assessed by the students with the aim to provide high-quality teaching. This requires continuous reflection on the content as well as the pedagogy and didactics. The current internal regulation documents must be used to evaluate the courses following approval by the Board.

§ 11. Structure of the academic year

The FH Board decides on the structure of the academic year, which must be published in good time.

II. General Examination Regulations

A. Course examinations

§ 12. General provisions

(1) All students and teaching staff must be informed of the latest version of the Examination Regulations in an appropriate manner and a copy must be made available upon request.

(2) The individual courses to be taken and their specific type are gathered from the accreditation application for the degree programme in question.¹

¹ The heads of the individual degree programmes have the accreditation applications ready for inspection.

(3) At the beginning of each semester and in any case no later than during the second course unit, the head of the course must provide students with a written overview of the goals, content and methods of their course in the form of a syllabus, as well as inform the students about the content, methods, assessment criteria, the form of resit options and assessment key for their performance.²

(4) The examinations shall be scheduled shortly after the courses in which the contents relevant to the examinations were taught. Examination dates should generally be scheduled at the end of the semester and at the beginning of the following semester. Resits and board examinations shall take place no later than before the beginning of the second semester following the course. In cases of hardship, students may submit a written application to the head of the degree programme asking for this date to be postponed.³ If the application is rejected, students have the option of submitting an appeal to the FH Teaching Board.

§ 13. Examination modalities for different course types

(1) Lectures:

The object of lectures is to impart to the students scientific and practical knowledge of the topic of the lecture. The aim is that students, once they have attended the course of lectures, will have gained both an overview and detailed knowledge and are able to apply various scientific approaches to solving problems and perceiving relationships. The aim is not least for students to be able to find their own arguments to questions and problems based on their understanding and factual knowledge. The assessment of a lecture course can be either in the form of an individual oral or a written examination. Several part examinations may also be carried out. An “individual examination” is considered to be an overall examination covering the entire subject matter of the course.

(2) Practicals, seminars or projects:

The object of practicals, seminars and projects is to impart to the students career related skills. The aim is to teach students how to solve problems through actions and reflection. The assessment of student performance in practicals, seminars and projects is carried out in the form of continued assessment by the head of the course. This means that marks for these courses are not just based on one single performance assessment, but rather on at least two.

(3) Lectures with integrated exercises:

The object of lectures with integrated exercises is to teach students how to link the knowledge gained in the lectures with skills learned in the practicals. The aim is that students will be able to pass through the theory-practice cycles independently and comprehensibly. The assessment of lectures with integrated exercises is analogous to the above regulations for lectures and practicals.

(4) In addition to the examination modalities specified herein, papers, projects, presentations and assignments may also serve as a basis for assessment. Student participation during the course is to be appropriately assessed.

² E.g. individual examination, term papers, participation.

³ This provides students with the opportunity, in exceptional circumstances, to sit their examinations after the beginning of the second semester following the course.

§ 14. Attendance and excused absence

(1) In principle, students have to attend all courses. Exceptions to the attendance requirements must be specified in the relevant accreditation application. The attendance requirements for lecture courses does not apply to student representatives, but the head of degree programme may specify mandatory attendance for specific courses. This must be substantiated in writing at the start of the semester.⁴

(2) At the beginning of each lecture course, the head of the course must provide students with a copy of the relevant attendance regulations.

(3) Non-compliance with the attendance regulations of a lecture course without proper justification results in a negative assessment of the course.⁵

§ 15. Dates, deadlines

(1) There shall be a sufficient number of examination and retake dates to ensure that the course can be continued without missing a semester.⁶ Examination dates must be scheduled both at the end of the semester and at the beginning of the following semester.⁷

(2) Each student has a total of three examination attempts (initial examination with two dates, resit, board examination). Two dates are to be provided for the initial examination, one of which must be chosen by the student.⁸

(3) The examination dates for initial examinations and resits as well as any submission deadlines shall be agreed by the head of degree programme with the students or the relevant student representative at year level.

(4) There must be at least four calendar days between two board examinations unless the student expressly agrees to a shorter period.

(5) Students must register or deregister for individual examinations no later than three calendar days prior to the examination, not counting the date of the examination.

(6) Performance assessments⁹ must be published within four weeks at the latest. This period may be extended by two weeks in properly justified cases. These delays must be notified to the students and the head of degree programme immediately after the occurrence of the reason for the delay.

(7) A resit can be taken no earlier than fourteen calendar days after publication of the grade. The examination date shall generally be announced together with the grade.

⁴ Substantiation may include, e.g., relevant provisions of the Federal Act Regulating High Level Allied Health Professions (MTD-Gesetz), the Midwifery Act (HebG) and the corresponding decrees.

⁵ See § 18 (2) Study and Examination Regulations.

⁶ See § 12 (4) Study and Examination Regulations.

⁷ See Sec. 13 FHStG as amended

⁸ See § 18 (2) Study and Examination Regulations.

⁹ E.g. individual examinations, term paper, participation.

§ 16. Implementation and organisation

(1) Examinations may be written or oral and taken with the help of appropriate permitted technical aids.¹⁰ In all cases supervision must be provided by a competent person familiar with the organisational procedure of the examination. Records shall be kept of oral examinations according to Sec. 15 (2) of the FHStG.

(2) As a rule, examinations of courses held in a foreign language will be taken in that foreign language. Exceptions may be granted upon reasoned application by the head of the course to the head of the degree programme in question.

(3) Students have the right to a different examination method if they can provide evidence of a disability that makes it impossible to take the examination using the specified method, and if the content and the examination requirements are not affected by the different method. Once the disability has been notified and the student has been heard, the head of degree programme/course shall decide on the type of examination method and, if necessary, how long the regulation will remain in effect. The student shall be entitled to file a complaint against this decision to the FH Board via the Rector's office.

(4) Students must be granted access to their own examination documents or examination records under supervision within the statutory period specified in Secs. 13 (6) and 16 (4) of the FHStG. Students shall be entitled to make copies of their examination documents (these shall include but not be limited to exam questions and the student's own answers) under supervision. The student may request the presence of student representatives when accessing the documents or records.

(5) Oral examinations are accessible to the public. Access may be restricted or refused (depending on available space) for presentations of embargoed Bachelor's, Master's or Diploma theses and to protect the privacy of patients in exams relating to medical issues.

(6) Records shall be kept of oral examinations. Students must be informed of the results of the oral examination immediately after the examination. In the case of failed exams, reasons shall be given to the student and entered in the examination record. The examination records must be retained for three years after completion of study or withdrawal from the degree programme or postgraduate course.¹¹

(7) Examinations may take place by module (module examinations) if they concern courses held within one semester. If the accreditation application has provisions for module examinations, students must be notified of this at the beginning of the semester. Module examinations cover all lecture courses included in the module. The aim of module examinations is to assess whether the learning objectives (competencies) of a specific module have been achieved. Module examinations may only provide an overall grade of all courses covered. The head of degree programme shall decide whether a module examination is carried out or whether lecture courses are examined individually.

(8) The posting of examination results by name shall be prohibited for data protection reasons.

¹⁰ Technical aids must be checked for technical and legal compliance prior to the examination.

¹¹ See § 21 Study and Examination Regulations

(9) Students may be excluded from an examination if the examination supervisor determines that an attempt was made to obtain examination results fraudulently.

This in particular includes the following actions:

- use of aids that are not permitted,
- repeatedly obtaining and/or offering support from colleagues verbally or in writing during the examination.

The examination supervisor must inform the head of degree programme if an examination has been aborted in this way.

§ 17. Assessment of course examinations and internships

(1) Examinations shall be marked according to the Austrian marking system “*sehr gut*” (excellent) to “*nicht genügend*” (fail) (1 to 5). If such assessment is not possible or inexpedient, a pass shall be marked as “*mit Erfolg teilgenommen*” (successfully completed). In the event of a fail, the regulations for retakes of courses with continuous assessment shall apply. Recognised courses (acc. to recognition of documented knowledge) shall be marked as “*anerkannt*” (recognised).¹²

(2) The grades must in any case be weighted according to ECTS credit points.

(3) In the case of courses taught by more than one person, the head of the course shall be responsible for marking.

(4) Non-attendance of an examination without giving sufficient reason will be assessed as “*nicht genügend*” (fail). Sufficient reasons for non-attendance include circumstances such as illness, accident, death in the family, or caring for a sick or terminally ill family member. Evidence of such circumstances must be provided as soon as possible, but at the latest eight calendar days from the date on which these reasons cease to apply.

(5) An examination is considered as not having been attended if the student has to abort an examination for a good reason. The head of degree programme shall decide whether there was a good reason for aborting the examination.

(6) The assessment and repeat of internships shall conform with the accreditation application of the relevant degree programme.

(7) The assessment of an examination cannot be appealed against. If the examination procedure is flawed, a complaint can be made within two weeks of the publication of the assessment to the head of the degree programme and subsequently to the FH Board, who have the authority to void the examination. If the irregularity affects all examination candidates, then all examination results will be annulled, except for those examination candidates who oppose it. The time periods for dealing with complaints must be such that students can continue their studies without missing a semester.

(8) The assessment of an examination or written work will be declared invalid if the examination results have been obtained fraudulently.

¹² see § 18 (2) Study and Examination Regulations

This in particular includes the following actions:

- use of aids that are not permitted,
- repeatedly obtaining and/or offering support from colleagues verbally or in writing during the examination.

The annulled examination shall count towards the total number of examination attempts.

The consequences of fraudulent acts such as plagiarism or ghostwriting shall be subject to Sec. 20 of the FHStG. In addition, the documents "*Plagiatsprüfung vorwissenschaftlicher bzw. wissenschaftlicher Arbeiten von Studierenden*" ("Plagiarism check of pre-academic and academic student theses") and "*Sicherung guter wissenschaftlicher Praxis und zur Vermeidung von Fehlverhalten in der Wissenschaft*" ("Safeguarding good scientific practice and preventing malpractice in science") as amended and approved by the FH Board shall be taken into account.

§ 18. Resits of course examinations

(1) A failed individual exam of a course can be retaken twice, with the second resit having to be carried out as a board examination, which may be an oral and/or a written examination.

(2) Students who fail the overall performance assessment of courses with continuous assessment or fail to comply with the attendance regulations for the course will be granted an appropriate extension during which they can provide the necessary evidence of achievement (1st retake). The student may be required to provide another adequate evidence of achievement in individual cases.¹³ Another fail will automatically require a board examination (2nd retake).

(3) If the examination is retaken, only the assessment of the resit will count.

(4) Passed examinations may be retaken once.¹⁴ This resit will count towards the total number of examination attempts. Again, only the assessment of the resit will count.

(5) Students cannot register for a resit examination until they have received the result of the original one.

§ 19. Board retake examinations

(1) Students must be verifiably invited to attend a board retake examination. The invitation must be sent out 14 calendar days prior to the date of the board examination both by registered letter and by e-mail (FH account).

(2) In the case of board retake examinations, the examination senate shall consist of three persons. All members of the examination senate have to be present throughout oral board examinations; if necessary, this obligation can be met through tele-conferencing. The student may appoint a person of trust to be present at the examination.

¹³ The extent and content of such adequate evidence of achievement should preferably be defined in the syllabus.

¹⁴ See Sec. 77 (1) UG 2002

(3) The student must be informed about the examination procedure prior to the examination; the invitation letter must include the following information in particular:

- exam questions provided in writing
 yes no
- preparation time
 yes no
 if yes, how long?
- use of aids
 yes no
 if yes, which ones?
- language of examination
- members of the examination senate.

§ 20. Suspending studies and repeating an academic year

(1) Students are entitled to repeat an academic year in a degree programme once as a result of a failed board examination by sending a written request to the head of degree programme within two weeks of the board examination¹⁵. The student may commence the repeat year in the winter or in the summer semester. The head of degree programme shall decide which passed examinations and courses of the year to be repeated must be retaken in consideration of the purpose of the studies (learning objectives). In any case, failed examinations as well as the relevant courses must be retaken during the repeat year.

(2) Students may suspend their studies for good reasons. An application for suspension of studies for a maximum of three years shall be submitted to the head of degree programme. The reasons for the suspension and the intention to continue need to be convincingly explained in writing. The head of degree programme will take personal, health or professional reasons into account when deciding about the application. Military service, alternative civilian service, pregnancy and childcare are considered good reasons in any case. All other circumstances or events that are equal to the above reasons with regard to their subjective significance are also considered sufficient reasons for a suspension of studies.¹⁶ Once the reasons for the suspension of studies no longer apply the student may continue their studies at the beginning of the semester in which they suspended their studies. In justified cases the suspension may be extended or another suspension requested in compliance with the applicable curriculum.

(3) The head of degree programme shall decide on applications for repeating an academic year or suspending studies within one month in writing stating the reasons. If permission is granted to repeat a year the head of degree programme shall also decide on the recognition of successfully completed examinations.

(4) The student shall not be allowed to take examinations from the time of the negative board examination or from the time of approval of the suspension of studies until the resumption of studies at the agreed start of the semester.¹⁷

¹⁵ See Sec. 18 (4) FHStG

¹⁶ E.g. longer-term illness, family reasons.

¹⁷ See Sec. 14 FHStG.

(5) Rejected applications for repeats and suspensions of an academic year as well as decisions on the recognition of successfully completed examinations may be appealed against to the FH Board within two weeks.

(6) The application for retake or suspension includes a statement that the student accepts any changes in the curriculum or withdrawal of the degree programme and that he/she has no legal right to continue his/her education in the originally agreed form.

(7) If there have been changes in the curriculum that affect the repeat year or the suspension of studies the head of degree programme must provide a substantiated decision about courses to be taken in accordance with the new curriculum. The recognition of courses must be discussed between the student and the head of degree programme and decided by the head of degree programme upon the student's return at the latest.

§ 21. Archiving examination documents

(1) Course examination and internship documents shall be retained in a secure and structured manner by the office of the relevant degree programme.

(2) If an appeal is pending, the course examination and internship documents of the entire class must be retained until the appeal procedure is completed.

(3) In addition, the relevant operating procedure for the archiving of student data shall apply.

B. Bachelor's thesis

§ 22. Objective

Students must submit two self-contained pieces of written work during the course of a Bachelor's degree programme. In their Bachelor's theses students must demonstrate that they are able to solve a problem in their subject area within a specific period of time under the guidance of a supervisor, and that they are able to present the results appropriately. The size and difficulty of the piece of work must be in appropriate relation to the available time frame.¹⁸

§ 23. Time frame

(1) It must be ensured that the time necessary to complete a Bachelor's thesis does not exceed the specified workload limits.¹⁹

(2) Organisationally, this means:

- Sufficient time is available in each semester to write the Bachelor's thesis.
- Topics and supervisors are approved in good time by the head of degree programme.

¹⁸ The specific objectives of Bachelor's theses in the individual degree programmes as well as courses including the preparation of a Bachelor's thesis can be gathered from the accreditation application of the respective degree programme.

¹⁹ specified by ECTS credits. See § 9 Study and Examination Regulations.

- The deadline for submission of the Bachelor's thesis will be announced when the topics are assigned.
- Any exceptions are decided on by the head of degree programme.

(3) On the agreed submission date, a bound copy of the final version shall be submitted to the degree programme and a digital version uploaded to the specified system in accordance with the applicable procedure.

§ 24. Choice of topic

Students are given the opportunity to make suggestions regarding the topic in the courses specified in the accreditation application. If the head of the course in question provides several topic options, students may choose one of these topics within an appropriate time period. In any case, the thesis topic must be authorised by the head of degree programme.

§ 25. Supervision

(1) Supervisors shall be lecturers on the degree programme, external course heads or, in exceptional cases, other experts. Only persons who have knowledge and experience in scientific work and publication and who can demonstrate a relevant track record may act as supervisors.

(2) Supervisors shall be selected by the head of degree programme on the basis of objective criteria.

(3) The thesis may be written in English. Upon agreement with the head of degree programme, it may also be written in another foreign language if at least the supervisor speaks that language.

(4) The same resources that are available during regular studies are also available while working on the Bachelor's thesis²⁰. Students shall not be entitled to request special resources.

(5) The progress and structure of the Bachelor's thesis shall be discussed with the supervisor.

(6) Several students may collaborate on a topic if the work of individual students can be assessed separately.

(7) Every Bachelor's thesis must contain an abstract in the language in which the thesis is written. The thesis must in any case contain an English abstract. It must also include a table of contents and a bibliography as well as a declaration that the Bachelor's thesis was written by the student him/herself and has not been submitted elsewhere for a similar purpose. In addition, the documents "*Plagiatsprüfung vorwissenschaftlicher bzw. wissenschaftlicher Arbeiten von Studierenden*" ("Plagiarism check of pre-academic and academic student theses") and "*Sicherung guter wissenschaftlicher Praxis und zur Vermeidung von Fehlverhalten in der Wissenschaft*" ("Safeguarding good scientific practice and preventing malpractice in science") as amended and approved by the FH Board shall be taken into account.

²⁰ E.g. library, computers and software, workshops, laboratories.

§ 26. Assessment and time period of assessment

(1) The Bachelor's thesis is assessed based on a catalogue of criteria, which is made known to students in writing at the beginning of the course.

(2) Catalogues of criteria allow a comprehensible and transparent assessment of the thesis by the student's supervisor.

(3) The time period of assessment shall be set to ensure that

- students have sufficient time to write the Bachelor's thesis,
- assessors have four weeks for assessment and, finally,
- after submission of the second Bachelor's thesis, students have sufficient time to prepare for the final examination.

(4) Dates are announced at the beginning of each semester by the head of degree programme.

(5) The assessors shall be notified in writing of the confidentiality requirements for embargoed theses and confirm this in writing.

§ 27. Marking and retakes

(1) Bachelor's thesis are marked by the respective supervisor.

(2) Bachelor's theses are marked in accordance with the Austrian marking scheme, i.e. with the marks "*Sehr gut*" (excellent) (1), "*Gut*" (good) (2), "*Befriedigend*" (satisfactory) (3) and "*Genügend*" (pass) (4), failed pieces of work are marked as "*Nicht genügend*" (fail) (5).

(3) With regard to assessment and retake options, the regulations for course examinations shall apply. If a Bachelor's thesis has been assessed as failed, the student shall be granted adequate time to rectify his/her mistakes. A new topic or a new supervisor may be chosen in justified exceptional cases.

§ 28. Publication and restriction of access

Abstracts of Bachelor's theses shall be published in electronic form. Upon submission of his or her Bachelor's thesis, the author has the right to request that the submitted work not be made accessible for up to five years after submission²¹. The head of degree programme shall grant this request if the student is able to demonstrate that important legal or economic interests of the student are at risk.

C. Bachelor's examination

§ 29. Objective

The Bachelor's examination is designed to determine whether students have acquired the basic skills and competences defined in the modules of the accreditation application.

²¹ See Sec. 19 (3) FHStG

§ 30. Admission

(1) Admission to the Bachelor's examination requires the following:

- all courses have been passed,,
- the internship provided for in the accreditation application has been completed successfully,
- the Bachelor's theses have been approved.

(2) Students shall be suitably informed about their admission to the Bachelor's examination.

§ 31. Dates

(1) The Bachelor's examination dates are set by the head of degree programme at the beginning of the final semester and students will be informed of the dates in good time via the notice board and electronically.

(2) There will be at least two dates per final year.

(3) Candidates will be notified of the names of the examiners as early as possible, but no later than two calendar weeks prior to the examination date.

§ 32. Examination organisation

(1) The Bachelor's examination consists of a board examination in front of an examination senate whose members work in the field; the examination is accessible to the public.

(2) The examination senates that carry out the Bachelor's examination are put together by the head of degree programme. Including the chairperson, an examination senate shall consist of at least three persons.²² If the senate is made up of an even number of members, the chair of the examination senate shall have the casting vote.

(3) The head of degree programme shall appoint one member as chairperson of the examination senate.

(4) One examiner shall be named for each examination subject or sub-area. The chairperson may also act as examiner if the examination topic is within his/her field.

(5) The board examination consists of an oral examination about the submitted Bachelor's theses, which may also include a presentation of the theses, as well as their links to relevant subjects²³ of the curriculum.

(6) In accordance with the regulations specified in the accreditation application, parts of the examination may be held in a foreign language. In that case, students must be notified in advance.

(7) Students must be informed in writing of the assessment criteria and the examination procedure at the beginning of the last semester of study at the latest.

²² The number of persons in the examination senate is specified in the accreditation application.

²³ "Subjects" shall be taken to mean courses included in the curriculum.

(8) The examination senate shall be notified in writing of the confidentiality requirements for embargoed theses and confirm this in writing.

§ 33. Marking

(1) Bachelor's examinations are marked in accordance with the following assessment scheme:

- Pass: for a passed examination;
- Pass with credit: for an examination that is clearly above average (mark $>1.0 - \leq 2.0$);
- Pass with distinction: for an outstanding examination (mark 1.0);

(2) The result of the Bachelor's examination shall be announced by the chairperson of the examination senate once all candidates that were examined on that day have completed their examination at the latest. If the examination was not passed, reasons must be given.

(3) The Bachelor's examination shall be marked. The marks for the Bachelor's theses shall not be taken into account. Details on marking can be found in the relevant examination record.²⁴

§ 34. Retake of Bachelor's examinations

(1) A failed Bachelor's examination may be retaken twice. Another retake is possible by application to and approval by the FH Board.

(2) The entire Bachelor's examination must be retaken if just one part of the examination was given the mark "*Nicht genügend*" (fail).

(3) The dates for Bachelor's examination retakes shall be between two weeks and six months after the failed examination. The head of degree programme shall set the dates for the retakes within this time frame.

D. Master's or Diploma thesis

§ 35. Objective

In their Master's or Diploma thesis, students must demonstrate the success of their training on a scientific or creative basis by independently working on a topic relevant to the degree programme.

§ 36. Time frame

(1) Students can write their Master's or Diploma thesis in a period corresponding to the workload (ECTS credits) specified in the curriculum.

(2) The supervisor of the Master's or Diploma thesis must assess the piece of work as soon as possible and in any case within four weeks of submission, to ensure that the student can continue his/her studies without interruption.

²⁴ The mark for the Bachelor's examination shall not be taken into account in the average grade for the degree programme.

(3) A written confirmation of the supervisor's approval (positive assessment) of the final version of the Master's or Diploma thesis in digital or paper form must be submitted upon registration for the examination at the latest.

(4) Registration for the final board examination shall be made no later than 4 weeks prior to the examination date.

(5) A bound copy of the final version shall be submitted to the degree programme and a digital version uploaded to the specified system in accordance with the applicable procedure no later than 1 week prior to the examination.

§ 37. Choice of topic

Suggestions for a Master's or Diploma thesis topic are made by the student, a lecturer or an interested party from industry. The student must find a lecturer on the degree programme to supervise the thesis and agree on a topic with the supervisor. The head of degree programme must authorise the topic and the supervisor. A record of the topic must be held in the degree programme office.

§ 38. Supervision

(1) Supervisors shall be lecturers on the degree programme, external course heads or, in exceptional cases, other experts who have knowledge and experience in scientific work and publication and who can demonstrate a relevant track record. Which persons are eligible to act as supervisor will be decided by the head of degree programme on the basis of objective criteria.

(2) A plan of progression and a time schedule shall be worked out between the supervisor and the student, and if necessary with the companies involved. The supervisor must generally make sure that the topic is chosen in such a way that it can be realistically completed within the available time frame; he/she must generally ensure that the topic is suitable for demonstrating the student's qualification.

(3) The supervisor must be regularly informed about the progress of the work by the student. In general, the Master's or Diploma thesis must be written independently by the student. The supervisor must inform the student as soon as he/she realises that the thesis may not be sufficient for a pass. Advice may also be given by other members of the teaching and research staff or by the head of degree programme.

(4) Several students may collaborate on a topic if the work of individual students can be assessed separately. However, it must be clearly indicated which part the student worked on independently.

(5) Every Master's or Diploma thesis must contain an abstract in the language in which the thesis is written. The thesis must in any case contain an English abstract. It must also include a table of contents and a bibliography as well as a declaration that the thesis was written by the student him/herself and has not been submitted elsewhere for a similar purpose. In addition, the documents "*Plagiatsprüfung vorwissenschaftlicher bzw. wissenschaftlicher Arbeiten von Studierenden*" ("Plagiarism check of pre-academic and academic student theses") and "*Sicherung guter wissenschaftlicher Praxis und zur Vermeidung von Fehlverhalten in der Wissenschaft*" ("Safeguarding good scientific practice and preventing malpractice in science") as amended shall be taken into account.

(6) The thesis may be written in English. Upon agreement with the head of degree programme, the thesis may also be written in another language if at least the supervisor speaks that language.

(7) The same resources that are available during regular studies are also available while working on the Master's or Diploma thesis. Students shall not be entitled to request special resources.

§ 39. Assessment and time period of assessment

(1) The Master's or Diploma thesis is assessed based on a catalogue of criteria, which is made known to students at the beginning of the final semester.

(2) Catalogues of criteria allow a comprehensible and transparent assessment of the thesis by the student's supervisor.

(3) The time period of assessment shall be set to ensure that

- students have sufficient time to write the Master's or Diploma thesis,
- assessors have sufficient time for assessment and, finally,
- after submission of the Master's or Diploma thesis, students have sufficient time to prepare for the final examination.

(4) Dates are announced at the beginning of each semester.

(5) The assessors shall be notified in writing of the confidentiality requirements for embargoed theses and confirm this in writing.

§ 40. Marking and retakes

(1) Master's or Diploma theses are marked by the respective supervisor.

(2) Master's or Diploma theses are marked in accordance with the Austrian marking scheme, i.e. with the marks "*Sehr gut*" (excellent) (1), "*Gut*" (good) (2), "*Befriedigend*" (satisfactory) (3) and "*Genügend*" (pass) (4), failed pieces of work are marked as "*Nicht genügend*" (fail) (5).

(3) With regard to assessment and retake options, the regulations for course examinations shall apply. If a Master's or Diploma thesis has been assessed as failed, the student shall be granted adequate time to rectify his/her mistakes. A new topic or a new supervisor may be chosen in justified exceptional cases.

§ 41. Restriction of access

Upon submission of an academic paper, the author has the right to request that the submitted work not be made accessible for up to five years after submission. The head of degree programme shall grant this request if the student is able to demonstrate that important legal or economic interests of the student are at risk.

E. Final examinations in Master's and Diploma degree programmes

§ 42. Objective

(1) The final examination is designed to determine whether students have acquired the basic skills and competences defined in the modules of the accreditation applications.

(2) The final examination that concludes a Master's or Diploma degree programme is a general examination consisting of a Master's or Diploma thesis and a board examination.

(3) The board examination is not made up of several partial exams, but rather is one exam consisting of several parts, i.e. the entire board examination must be retaken if just one part has been assessed as failed.

§ 43. Admission

(1) Admission to the final board examination requires the following:

- all courses have been passed;
- the Master's or Diploma thesis has been approved.

(2) Students shall be properly informed about their admission to the final board examination.

§ 44. Dates

(1) The dates for the final examinations are set by the head of degree programme at the beginning of the final semester and students will be informed of the dates in good time via the notice board and electronically.

(2) There will be at least two dates per final year.

(3) Candidates shall be notified of the names of the examiners no later than two weeks prior to the date of the examination.

§ 45. Examination organisation

(1) The final examination consists of a board examination in front of an examination senate whose members work in the field; the examination is accessible to the public.

(2) The examination senates that carry out the final examination are put together by the head of degree programme. Including the chairperson, an examination senate shall consist of at least three persons.²⁵ If the senate is made up of an even number of members, the chair of the examination senate shall have the casting vote.

(3) The head of degree programme shall appoint one member as chairperson of the examination senate.

²⁵ The number of persons in the examination senate is specified in the accreditation application.

(4) One examiner must be named for each examination subject or sub-area. The chairperson may also act as examiner if the examination topic is within his/her field.

(5) The head of degree programme determines the combination of subjects. Students have the right to submit their own suggestions.

(6) In accordance with the regulations specified in the accreditation application, parts of the examination may be held in a foreign language. In that case, students must be notified in advance.

(7) The board examination includes the following parts:

1. presentation of the Master's or Diploma thesis;
2. an oral examination that connects the topic of the Master's or Diploma thesis with the relevant subjects²⁶ in the curriculum, as well as
3. an oral examination about other subjects relevant to the curriculum.

(8) Students shall be informed in writing of the assessment criteria and the examination procedure at the beginning of the last semester of study at the latest.

(9) The examination senate shall be notified in writing of the confidentiality requirements for embargoed theses and confirm this in writing.

§ 46. Marking

(1) Final board examinations are marked in accordance with the following assessment scheme:

- Pass: for a passed final examination;
- Pass with credit: for an examination that is clearly above average (mark 2.0);
- Pass with distinction: for an outstanding examination (mark 1.0);

(2) The result of the final examination shall be announced once all candidates that were examined on that day have completed their examination at the latest. If the examination was not passed, reasons must be given.

(3) The mark for the Master's or Diploma thesis must be taken into account in the mark for the final examination as the Master's or Diploma thesis is a final degree thesis. An overall grade must be awarded for the Master's or Diploma examination. Details on marking can be found in the relevant examination record.²⁷

§ 47. Retake of final examinations

(1) Failed final board examinations may be retaken twice. Another retake is possible by application to the FH Board.

(2) The entire final examination must be retaken if just one part of the examination was given the mark "*Nicht genügend*" (fail).

²⁶ "Subjects" shall be taken to mean courses included in the curriculum.

²⁷ The mark for the Master's or Diploma examination shall not be taken into account in the average grade for the degree programme.

(3) The dates for final examination retakes shall be between two weeks and six months after the failed examination. The head of degree programme shall set the dates for the retakes within this time frame.

F. Concluding Provisions

§ 48. Average grades and assessments

(1) The grade point average \bar{x} is defined as the average of all course grades (weighted according to ECTS credits) achieved by all graduates who have completed the degree programme in the previous 3 years and is shown in a separate Annex according to the following table:

Grade point average	Number of students*	Percentage distribution
$1.0 \leq \bar{x} \leq 1.5$		
$1.5 < \bar{x} \leq 2.0$		
$2.0 < \bar{x} \leq 2.5$		
$2.5 < \bar{x} \leq 3.0$		
$\bar{x} > 3.0$		

* The figures in the column “Number of students” refer to all students of the degree programme/postgraduate course who have completed their studies (according to the relevant curriculum) with the corresponding grade point average in the past 3 years (if available).

(2) Assessments of Bachelor’s, Master’s and Diploma examinations are shown in a separate Annex according to the following table:

Assessment of Bachelor’s, Master’s or Diploma examination	Number of students *	Percentage distribution
Pass		
Pass with credit		
Pass with distinction		

* The figures in the column “Number of students” refer to all students of the degree programme/postgraduate course who have completed their studies (according to the relevant curriculum) with the corresponding assessment in the past 3 years (if available).

Pass: for a passed examination

Pass with credit: for an examination that is clearly above average

Pass with distinction: for an outstanding examination